Form 2B

City University of Hong Kong

Information on a Course
offered by The School of Creative Media
with effect from Semester ___A___ in 2006 / 2007

This form is for completion by the Course Co-ordinator. The information provided on this form will be deemed to be the official record of the details of the course. It has multipurpose use: for the University’s database, and for publishing in various University publications including the Blackboard, and documents for students and others as necessary.

Please refer to the Explanatory Notes attached to this Form on the various items of information required.

Part I

Course Title: _____Advanced Topics in Critical Intermedia__________________________

Course Code: ______3???

________________________________________________________

Course Duration: _____1 semester (13 weeks)

No. of Credit Units: __________3 units____________________________________

Level: _______3/4

Prerequisites: (Course Code and Title) __SM1011 Introduction to Contemporary Art________

Precursors: (Course Code and Title) ___SM2XXX Special Topics in Critical Intermedia____

Equivalent Courses: (Course Code and Title) ________________________________

Exclusive Courses: (Course Code and Title) ________________________________

Part II

1. Course Aims:

This course aims to tie in to the curriculum extended and advanced topic made possible due to additional opportunities and resources in new media art creation made available to us. Students are given the opportunity to have their learning experience enriched by artists-in-residence or well known artists of temporary residence in Hong Kong. Topics especially sought include new forms of technical literacy such as server-based programming, open source and so on, as well as new research methods and critical studies issues arising from new technologies. Other desirable areas include topics in contemporary art, issues of historiography for the media and social cultural theories that address everyday living in technology-driven societies.
2. Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)
(state what the student is expected to be able to do at the end of the course according to a given standard of performance)

Upon successful completion of this course, students should be able to:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>CILOs</th>
<th>Weighing (if applicable)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Learn about the variety and dynamics of new media practices</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Account for and discuss the key theses introduced by the guest</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Conceive new creative projects based on the input of the course</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Conceive and formulate new research agenda in response to issues raised in seminars.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Execute creative and research projects to verify new ideas</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Teaching and Learning Activities (TLAs)
(designed to facilitate students’ achievement of the CILOs)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ILO No</th>
<th>TLAs</th>
<th>Hours/weeks (if applicable)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| CILO 1-2 | - Visiting scholars/artists’ presentation of their ongoing research and significant recent works  
- Topical seminars  
- Reaction papers by students  
- In-class critique sessions |                       |
| CILO 3 | - Proposals for new projects  
- In-class critique of proposals  
- Presentation of drafts |                       |
| CILO 4 | - In-class presentation of one’s research project with personal analysis  
- In-class presentation in response to workshops and seminars |                       |
| CILO 1-4 | Participation and contribution to class discussion |                       |

4. Assessment Tasks/Activities
(designed to assess how well the students achieve the CILOs)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ILO No</th>
<th>Type of assessment tasks/activities</th>
<th>Weighting (if applicable)</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CILO 1</td>
<td>Reaction paper</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CILO 2</td>
<td>Short creative assignments</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| CILO 3  | Reaction paper  
Proposal-writing for in-class critique  
Creative assignments |                           |         |
| CILO 4  | In-class presentation: research proposal |                       |         |
| CILO 1-4 | Participation in class discussion  
Contribution to the critique of classmates’ works |                       |         |
5. **Grading of Student Achievement:** Refer to Grading of Courses in the Academic Regulations and to the Explanatory Notes.

**Part III**

Keyword Syllabus:

Intermediality, digitality, code literacy, server-based programming, code-based programming, generative arts and literatures, technological literacy, open source, social process, software art, user research, archives, contemporary art, play and game, integration, digital portfolio, urban communities, computer music, sonic arts, narrativity, history of the book, cybertext and hypertext, digital poetry, art and technology, co-creativity, time-based arts, performativity, machines, A.I., complex systems, installations, electronics, ethnography, historiography, visual culture, interface, interaction design, cognition and perception, visuality, research-based creativity, database, archives, art and philosophy, art and mathematics

Recommended Reading:
Text(s):

Online Resources:

**Returned by:**

Name: ___ Linda Lai _________ Department: ___ School of Creative Media

Tel: ____x7062 __________ Date: ______ March 20, 2006 ______
Explanatory Notes for completing Form 2B

1. **Course Title**
   This is the full title of the course in English.

2. **Course Code**
   An alpha numeric code normally using department code as a prefix, followed by 4-5 digits, where the first digit indicates the level of the course.

   For example, the course “Introduction to Computer Science” may have a course code of “CS2001”. “CS” is the department code for the Department of Computer Science. “2” after the department code is the level of the course, and in this case the course is at the level of B2, and “001” is the sequence number assigned to the course.

3. **Course Duration**
   This refers to the duration of the course in terms of number of weeks or semesters.

4. **No. of Credit Units**
   Number of credit units assigned for the course.

5. **Level**
   The level of a course shows its degree of academic difficulty. The following levels should be used:

   - *Associate Degree courses can have levels of A1 or A2;*
   - *Bachelor’s Degree courses can have levels of B1, B2, B3 or B4; and*
   - *Taught postgraduate courses can have levels of P5 or P6.*

6. **Prerequisites**
   These are courses that students must pass before they are allowed to take the current course. A rigid structure of prerequisites may unintentionally hinder a student’s progress and limit flexibility in the choice of courses. Furthermore, the timing of the availability of the pre-requisite courses as well as the current course would be critical. Departments should therefore be careful when defining pre-requisites for courses.

7. **Precursors**
   These are courses that students are advised to take and pass before they attempt the current course. In general, precursors are more flexible in allowing student choice and progression. They also serve as indicators of the requirements of the current course.

8. **Equivalent Courses**
   Departments may wish to designate some courses as equivalent in terms of level and similarity of content to those which are required courses. There are two major purposes for designating courses as equivalent to required courses. First, students will usually register on one course out of the list of equivalent courses.
If they register on more than one course on the list, then only the result of the last course examined would count towards the GPA. Second, if a particular course has been withdrawn, students can choose one of its equivalent courses on the list to fulfill the programme requirement.

9. **Exclusive Courses**
These are courses where there is sufficient overlap in their content to make it inappropriate for students to earn credits for more than one of such

10. **Course Aims**
This is a brief description of what the course is about and what it intends to achieve. Course Aims should be compatible with Programme Aims. It should be written in a manner which is clearly understood by students and staff. As a rule of thumb, if the aims and intended learning outcomes of a course are changed other than for editorial reasons, a new course should be proposed.

11. **Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)**
CILOs state what the student is expected to be able to do at the end of a course according to a given standard of performance. Outcomes should be achievable and assessable. They should be clear to students on the learning outcomes expected at the end of the course and also clear to staff to enable them to design appropriate teaching and learning activities (TLAs) and assessment tasks which facilitate the achievement of CILOs. It is important to ensure that Course ILOs address Programme ILOs.

Weightings can be assigned to CILOs according to their relative importance to the course.

12. **Teaching and Learning Activities (TLAs)**
TLAs are designed to align with CILOs to facilitate student’s achievement of those outcomes. TLAs could be teacher, peer, or self-initiated and take various formats such as project work, case studies, lectures, tutorials, practicals, placements, problem-based learning, studio etc. The choice of TLAs should be such as to facilitate active learning and the achievement of CILOs.

13. **Assessment Tasks/Activities**
Assessment tasks or activities are designed to align with the CILOs to provide evidence on how well each student has achieved the CILOs. Such evidence could be provided by project work, case studies, assignments, examinations, laboratory work and reports, practicals, practicum etc. The choice of Assessment Tasks should relate directly to the learning outcomes of the course. “Remarks” could include information such as when a task is to be performed, when due, the word limit of the assessment tasks/activities, assessed on a Pass/Fail basis etc., as applicable

14. **Grading of Student Achievements**
Grading of students’ achievement should be in accordance with the Academic Regulations. Please indicate however whether grading is assigned based on student achievement of ILOs according to defined grading criteria or on their performance in assessment tasks/activities.
15. **Notes for Dissertation-type courses:**
Courses may be designated “dissertation-type” courses in the course catalogue. Dissertation-type courses relate to independent work which takes a variable time to complete. Section 12 (Teaching and Learning Activities) and Section 13 (Assessment Tasks/Activities) should be replaced with information relevant to such courses, including a specification of a *normal duration* for course registration and a *maximum duration* for course registration, both in terms of the number of semesters. In all cases, Form 2B for dissertation-type courses should note that students are not permitted to repeat a dissertation-type course.

16. **Keyword Syllabus**
This is a brief introduction to the syllabus of the course which is designed to motivate students’ learning.

17. **Amendments/Revisions to Form 2B**
Amendment or revisions to the information provided in Form 2B are subject to the procedures outlined in the University’s QA Principles, Policies and Practices. Faculty and School Boards should consider delegation of authority to Programme Committees, Faculty/School Validation and Monitoring Committees as necessary to facilitate innovation and change as appropriate.
Academic Regulation 8 -- Grading of Courses

8.1 Courses are graded according to the following schedule:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Letter Grade</th>
<th>Grade Point</th>
<th>Grade Definitions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A+</td>
<td>4.3</td>
<td>Strong evidence of original thinking; good organization, capacity to analyse and synthesize; superior grasp of subject matter; evidence of extensive knowledge base.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>4.0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A-</td>
<td>3.7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B+</td>
<td>3.3</td>
<td>Evidence of grasp of subject, some evidence of critical capacity and analytic ability; reasonable understanding of issues; evidence of familiarity with literature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B-</td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C+</td>
<td>2.3</td>
<td>Student who is profiting from the university experience; understanding of the subject; ability to develop solutions to simple problems in the material.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-</td>
<td>1.7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>Sufficient familiarity with the subject matter to enable the student to progress without repeating the course.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>Little evidence of familiarity with the subject matter; weakness in critical and analytic skills; limited, or irrelevant use of literature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P</td>
<td></td>
<td>&quot;Pass&quot; in a pass-fail course. Courses to be graded on a pass-fail basis for a programme are specifically identified under the programme in the course catalogue.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Operational Grades

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IP</td>
<td>In Progress</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>Incomplete</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S</td>
<td>Dissertation Submitted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>Assigned when a student is permitted to drop the course after the normal drop date.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.2 Students assigned a grade of D or better, or a Pass grade in a pass-fail course, earn credit units for the course. Grades of F, IP, I, S, or X do not earn credit units.

8.3 Grades of P, I, IP, S and X are not counted in the calculation of a student's CGPA. Grades of F are counted, unless the fail is recovered under AR11.3.

8.4 Grades of P, I, IP, S and X are not counted in the calculation of a student's SGPA.